

LETTER

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Efficacy and safety of aerosolized intra-tracheal dornase alfa administration in patients with SARS-CoV-2-induced acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS): a structured summary of a study protocol for a randomised controlled trial

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Abstract

Objectives: Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) may trigger severe pneumonia in coronavirus disease of 2019 (COVID-19) patients through release of damage-associated molecular patterns (DAMPs) and recruitment of neutrophils in the lungs. Activated neutrophils induce inflammation and severe alveolar injury by releasing neutrophil extracellular traps (NETs). The backbones of many DAMPs and NETs are made of extracellular, cell-free DNA decorated with highly toxic compounds such as elastase, myeloperoxidase and citrullinated histones. Dornase alfa is a FDA-approved recombinant human DNase 1 for the treatment of cystic fibrosis, which cleaves extracellular DNA and may break up cell-free DNA, loosening sticky mucus in the distal airways and reducing NETs-induced toxicity on alveolar pneumocytes. The COVIDornase trial intends to define the impact of aerosolized intra-tracheal dornase alfa administration on the severity and progression of acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) in COVID-19 patients. This drug might make lung mucus thinner and looser, promoting improved clearance of secretions and reduce extracellular double-stranded DNA-induced hyperinflammation in alveoli, preventing further damage to the lungs.

Trial design: COVIDornase is a prospective, randomized, controlled, 2-arm (1:1 ratio), multicentric, open-label clinical trial.

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Participants: The study will recruit mechanically ventilated patients hospitalized in the intensive care unit (ICU) in the recruiting centres (at the time of writing: The Rothschild foundation hospital in Paris, the Strasbourg university hospitals, and Metz-Thionville hospital) who have been diagnosed with COVID-19 and meet ARDS criteria.

Inclusion criteria: - Adult patient (age \geq 18 years old);

- Hospitalized in ICU;
- With severe COVID-19 pneumonia and ARDS according to Berlin criteria ($\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2 < 300$ and $\text{PEEP} > 5 \text{ cmH}_2\text{O}$);
- Intubated for less than 8 days;
- With an anticipated duration of mechanical ventilation > 48 hours;
- Carrier of an arterial catheter;
- For whom 4 $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2$ values over the preceding 24 hours are available;

Non-inclusion criteria: - Known hypersensitivity to dornase alfa or any of its excipients;

- Pregnant or breastfeeding status;
- Patient under legal protection.

Intervention and comparator: **Intervention 1**, Study group

Dornase alfa (Pulmozyme®, Roche, Switzerland) will be administered by aerosol, at a dose of 2500 IU twice daily, 12 hours apart, for 7 consecutive days, using a vibrating mesh nebulizer (Aerogen Solo®, Aerogen, Ireland). The remainder of the management will be performed in accordance with good clinical practice, including mechanical ventilation (protective ventilation, $\text{PEEP} > 5 \text{ cmH}_2\text{O}$, tracheal balloon pressure check every 4 hours or automatic device, 30° head of the bed elevation, tidal volume 6-8mL/kg, plateau pressure $< 30 \text{ cmH}_2\text{O}$), neuromuscular blockers if necessary, prone position if $\text{PaO}_2/\text{FiO}_2 < 150$, early enteral nutrition, glycemic control and a sedation protocol based on the RASS score.

Intervention 2, Comparator

Patients will receive usual care in accordance with good practice (as detailed above), without aerosols.

Main outcomes: The primary outcome is the occurrence of at least one grade improvement between D_0 (inclusion) and D_7 in the ARDS scale severity (Berlin criteria). For instance from “severe” to “moderate” or from “moderate” to “mild”.

Randomisation: All consecutive patients meeting the inclusion criteria will be randomised 1:1 using an eCRF-based, computer-generated randomisation table, either to the dornase alfa arm or to the control arm. An interim analysis will be performed after inclusion of 20 patients. Inclusions may be stopped at the interim analysis per data safety and monitoring board (DSMB) advice, if statistical analyses conclude on the futility or efficacy of the intervention or by other DSMB decision.

Blinding (masking): The participants and caregivers will not be blinded to study group assignment. Those assessing the outcomes will be blinded to study group assignment.

Numbers to be randomised (sample size): Fifty patients will be randomized to each group, 100 patients in total.

Trial Status: Protocol version number 2, April 29th, 2020. Recruitment is ongoing. The trial started recruitment on the 21st April 2020. We estimate recruitment will finish August 21st 2020.

Trial registration: The trial was registered in ClinicalTrials.gov on 21 April 2020, updated on 8 May 2020. Trial registration number is [NCT04355364](https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT04355364).

Full protocol: The full protocol is attached as an additional file, accessible from the Trials website (Additional file 1). In the interest in expediting dissemination of this material, the familiar formatting has been eliminated. This Letter serves as a summary of the key elements of the full protocol.

Keywords: COVID-19, Randomised controlled trial, Lung damage, Neutrophil extracellular traps, ARDS, Dornase alfa

Supplementary information

Supplementary information accompanies this paper at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-020-04488-8>.

Additional file 1. Full Study Protocol.

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Not applicable.

Authors' contributions

JPD, CG, CLC and JP conceived the study, coordinated its design, drafted and wrote the manuscript. JPD, CG, CLC, JL, OM, MRL, FL, SLT, MC, NE, PT and JP read and were involved in critical appraisal and revision of the manuscript. CLC and JL provided statistical expertise. All authors approved the final manuscript prior to submission.

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Aerogen (Ireland) will provide nebulizers to the study centers. Roche (Switzerland) will provide dornase alfa to the study centers. Funders will have no role in the study's design, collection, management, analysis and interpretation of data, writing of the report and the decision to submit the report for publication conception or in the data analysis.

Availability of data and materials

Study documents will be de-identified, stored in each recruitment centre and kept for at least 15 years in a locked, secure office, according to French law. All personnel involved in data analysis will be masked. Only the principal investigators, the DSMB and the statisticians will have access to the final data set. The data sets used and analysed during the current study will be available from the corresponding author on reasonable request, after publication of the main core article.

Ethics approval and consent to participate

The Comité de Protection des Personnes Ouest IV-Nantes approved the study on April 4th, 2020 (Reference: CPP 39/20_1, file number 20.4.01.46248). We therefore certify that the COVIDornase trial has received ethical approval from the appropriate ethical committee. Inclusion will be feasible after patient approval, next of kin approval or emergency consent procedure (according to French law). Subsequent confirmation of consent will be obtained from the relatives and from the patient as soon as possible.

Consent for publication

Not applicable.

Competing interests

The authors declare that they have no competing interests.

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