

### **POSTER PRESENTATION**

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# Systematic review of interventions to increase recruitment and retention of black, minority and ethnic patients into randomised controlled trials

Gulnaz Igbal<sup>1\*</sup>, Janet Dunn<sup>1</sup>, Margaret Thorogood<sup>1,2</sup>

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Recruitment into cancer trials has been an area of concern for numerous years. In 2000 the NHS plan sought to double the number of patients entering cancer trials within 3 years. This was achieved through the creation of the National Cancer Research Network in 2001. By 2004, approximately 10.9% of all cancer patients were entered into a trial. However, recruitment of Black, Minority and Ethnic (BME) patients into clinical trials has been reported to be under-represented compared to the split of ethnicity both within the reported incidence of disease and the reported total population. Mason found a two-fold under representation of South Asians within breast cancer trials (Mason *et al*, 2003).

In the USA, a significant under-representation of Hispanics, Blacks and Asians was found when comparing ethnic proportions recruited within oncology trials with existing cancer cases (Murthy *et al*, 2004). The underrepresentation of any patient group within a clinical trial, specifically an ethnic one, can bias trial results, and subsequent extrapolation into the general population.

A systematic literature review of interventions to improve the recruitment and retention of minority patients into clinical trials was conducted. The search intended to capture literature pre- and post the Race Relations Act Amendment (2000) and the USA National Institute of Health Revitalisation Act (1993).

Preliminary results of the review have revealed a paucity of published evidence from the UK, with the majority of the articles meeting the inclusion criteria originating from the USA. Final results will be presented.

#### Authors' details

<sup>1</sup>University of Warwick, Coventry, UK. <sup>2</sup>University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa.

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<sup>1</sup>University of Warwick, Coventry, UK Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

