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Correction: Methodology of the SORENTO clinical trial: a prospective, randomised, active-controlled phase 3 trial assessing the efficacy and safety of high exposure octreotide subcutaneous depot (CAM2029) in patients with GEP-NET

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Correction: Trials 25, 58 (2024) https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-023-07834-8

Following publication of the original article [1], we have been notified that a correction is needed on page 3, paragraph 2 as shown below:

Incorrect statement: "Additionally, CAM2029 administration can be undertaken by the patient or carer themselves using a pre-filled pen, whereas administration of

The original article can be found online at https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-023-07834-8.

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both octreotide LAR and lanreotide ATG requires medical assistance."

Correct statement: "Additionally, CAM2029 administration can be undertaken by the patient or carer themselves using a pre-filled pen, whereas administration of octreotide LAR requires medical assistance. For patients who receive a stable dose of lanreotide ATG, the product can be administered either by the patient or by a trained person (Reference Somatuline Autogel 60 mg, solution for injection in a prefilled syringe—Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC)—(emc) (medicines.org.uk))."

The original article has been corrected.

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 Singh S, et al. Methodology of the SORENTO clinical trial: a prospective, randomised, active-controlled phase 3 trial assessing the efficacy and safety of high exposure octreotide subcutaneous depot (CAM2029) in patients with GEP-NET. Trials. 2024;25:58. https://doi.org/10.1186/ s13063-023-07834-8.



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